

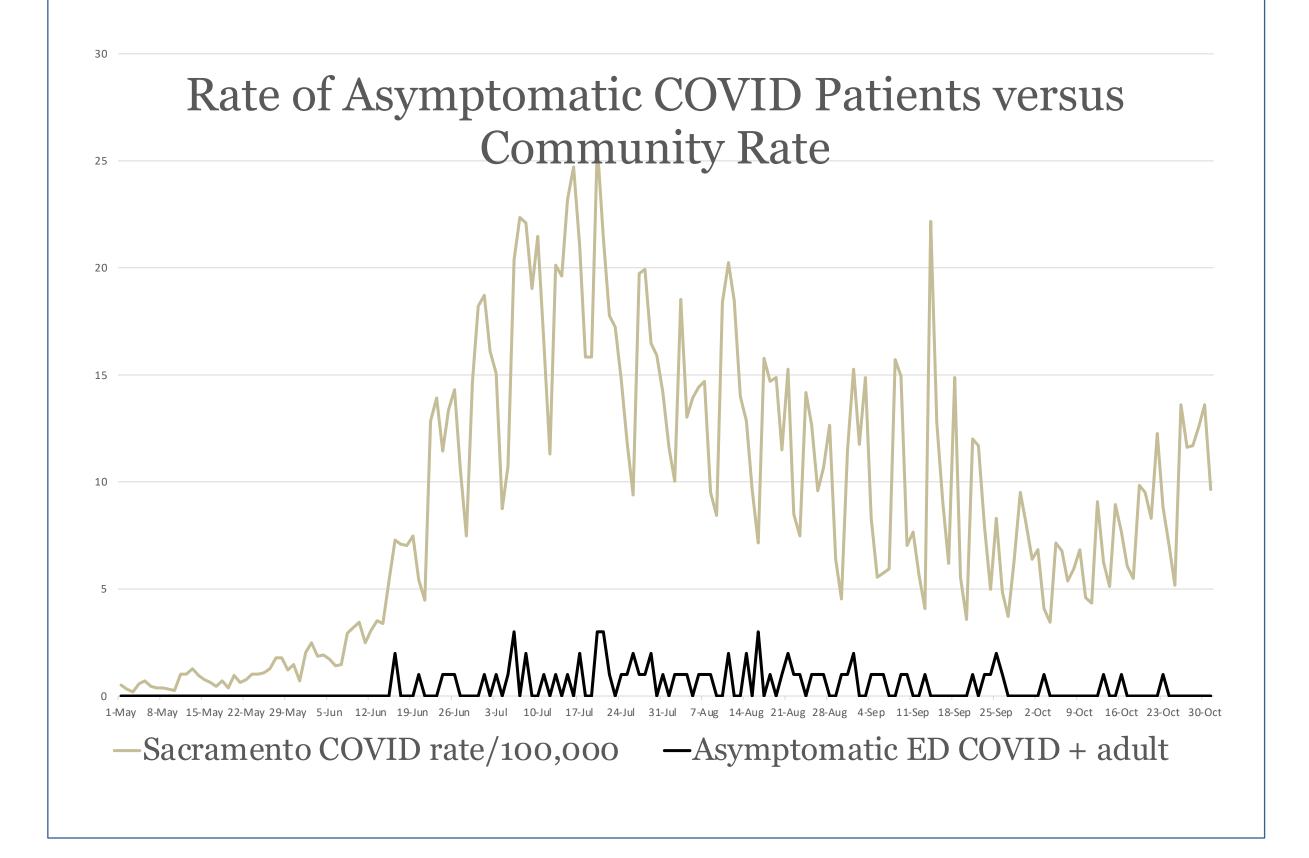
# Utility of Asymptomatic COVID-19 Screening in the Emergency Department



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## Background

- Coronavirus of 2019 (COVID-19) is an infectious virus currently causing a pandemic. Evidence supports high rates of asymptomatic infections with COVID-19, leading to concerns that viral transmission may occur via these asymptomatic patients.
- Initially, the screening of asymptomatic patients was of low utility as only 2 of 1,342 ED patients tested positive. These findings were during a period of low COVID-19 prevalence in the community.
- Subsequently, COVID-19 infection rates increased in the community. During this increase in COVID-19, the rate of asymptomatic cases also increased.



#### Aims

To describe the utility of screening in the Emergency Department for COVID-19 in asymptomatic patients.

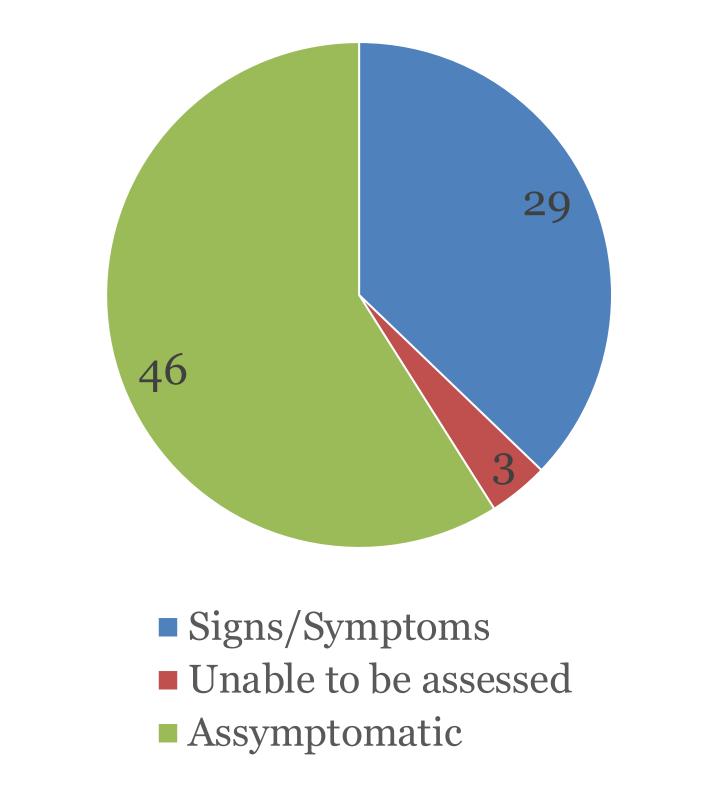
#### Methods

- Retrospective cohort study that included all adult ED patients who had a COVID-19 test via the ED's asymptomatic screening protocol. The dates of data collected ranged from the May 1<sup>th</sup>, 2020 to October 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020.
- The primary outcome was positive COVID-19 tests. Patients with positive tests underwent further data abstraction using standard chart review methodology. Data were described with simple descriptive statistics.
- Signs/symptoms of COVID-19: fever, hypoxia, cough, fatigue, myalgias, nasal congestion/drainage, shortness of breath, sore throat, headache, diarrhea, or loss of taste/smell.
- Other data collected included: COVID risk factors, laboratory testing including COVID antibody, imaging findings if obtained, infectious disease consult, and treatments.

#### Results

## Patients

- Total of 7408 adult patients had COVID test under the asymptomatic protocol
  - Mean age  $53.8 \pm 19.3$  years
- Total of 78 positive tests (1.1%, 95%CI 0.8-1.3) and 9 inconclusive.
- 48 (62%) underwent infectious disease consult.
- No patient died due to COVID.



**Figure 1.** Of the positive cases, 32 (41%, 95%CI 30-53) had signs/symptoms (n=29) or were unable to be assessed due to decreased mental status (n=3).

Figure 2. 13 patients received specific therapy following positive COVID test

Therapy	Supplemental oxygen	Dexamethasone	Convalescent plasma	Remdesivir
# of patients	12	6	6	4

#### Conclusion

Asymptomatic COVID-19 testing is of low yield when the daily community rate is less than 4 cases/100,000 individuals. Of those found to be positive under an asymptomatic testing protocol, nearly half had signs or symptoms attributed to COVID-19 infection suggesting the rate of asymptomatic infection was lower than reported. In the current pandemic, ED physicians should carefully assess for COVID-19 signs and symptoms even when patients present for other indications.

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Questions or comments?
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